Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer for each of the questions.

If we took a look at how people in Europe communicated just one hundred years ago, we would be very surprised to find out that English was hardly used outside the United Kingdom. The language most commonly used between people of different nationalities, and particularly the aristocracy, was French. In fact, French was the language of diplomacy, culture and education. However, that is not the case nowadays. English has replaced French as the international language of communication. Today, there are more people who speak English as a second language than people who speak it as a first language.

There are many reasons why English has become the language of international communication. Britain’s colonization of many parts of the world had something to do with it, but it is mainly due to America’s rise to the position of major world power. This helped spread popular American culture throughout the world bringing the language with it.

But is it good that English has spread to all parts of the world so quickly? Language specialists seem to be divided over this issue. There are those who claim that it is important to have a language that the people in our increasingly globalized world have in common. According to others, English is associated with a particular culture and therefore promotes that culture at the expense of others. Linguists have suggested “Esperanto”, an artificially put-together language, as a solution to international communication problems but without success. So English will continue being the world language until some other language, maybe Chinese, which is the most widely-spoken native language in the world, takes over as the world’s international language instead of English.

Câu 1: According to the passage, a century ago ____________.
   A. foreign travelers to England spoke only French.   B. only the French aristocracy could speak English.
   C. educated people throughout Europe spoke English.   D. French was much more popular than English.

Câu 2: What is chiefly responsible for the growth in popularity of English?
   A. The French losing many colonies   B. The development of American culture
   C. Britain’s becoming an international power   D. American’s becoming powerful

Câu 3: What is meant by “the language of diplomacy” (line 4)
   A. The language used by the English and the French   B. The language used by governments
   C. The language used by ordinary people.   D. The language used by the aristocracy.

Câu 4: What is true according to the passage?
   A. Esperanto is not a natural language   B. Esperanto is becoming more and more popular
   C. The linguists don’t like Esperanto   D. Esperanto is difficult to learn

Câu 5: The linguists’ opinion on the spread of English is ____________.
   A. positive   B. undecided   C. split   D. negative

Câu 6: The author believes that ____________.
   A. English will probably be replaced as an international language  
   B. Chinese is growing in popularity among non-native speakers
   C. English is easier to learn than Chinese
   D. Chinese is going to be the next language of international communication

Câu 7: These days ____________.
   A. more non-natives speak English than natives   B. French is a dying language
   C. French is the language of diplomacy   D. more people speak French than English

Câu 8: What would be a good title for this passage?
   A. English as an international language   B. English - a difficult language to learn
   C. English in the future   D. English language means English culture

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.
Câu 9: Henry is talking to his mother.
- Henry: “I’ve passed my driving test.” - His mother: “______________.
A. Congratulations B. Congratulation C. All right. D. That’s a good idea
Câu 10: Lisa and Rachel are talking on the phone.
- Lisa: “Would you like to go to the cinema with me tonight?” - Rachel: “__________.”
A. Sorry B. Yes, please C. Yes, I’d love to D. No, thanks

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Câu 11: A. employ B. maintain C. sacrifice D. apologize

Câu 12: A. acquaintance B. constancy C. embrace D. enthusiasm

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer for each of the questions.

Most people start smoking when they are in their teens and are addicted by the time they reach adulthood. Some have tried to quit but have returned to cigarettes because smoking is such a strong addiction. It is a habit that is very difficult to break. There are many different reasons why people smoke.

Three of the main reasons that young people smoke are to look mature, to be like their friends, and to experiment. Since teens see older people all around them smoking, especially their parents and relatives, they smoke to act older. If their friends or peers smoke, they may feel pressured into doing the same to be accepted. The last reason is the excitement of experimenting with something that is forbidden. In Massachusetts it is against the law for anyone under 18 years old to smoke. Usually parents do not allow their under age teens to smoke. Therefore, smoking becomes very attractive. It is exciting to get cigarettes and sneak away to smoke without being caught.

Adults smoke for other reasons. They may have a lot of stress and pressures because of economic and personal problems. They may be unemployed or working but not making enough money to take care of themselves and their families. They may be homeless, or they may be dealing with alcohol or cocaine/heroin addictions. Some may be in bad marriages or relationships in which there is physical and/or verbal abuse. All these people may smoke to feel relaxed or to give them energy while going through a hard time.

Whether young or old, some people smoke to control their weight. Smokers, on the average, weigh seven pounds less than non-smokers. Smoking reduces a person’s appetite. It lessens his/her sense of taste and smell. This could be why ex-smokers gain weight after quitting cigarettes. Food tastes and smells so much better. Finally, there are people who say they love to smoke. Smoking gives them pleasure. It just makes them feel good.

Câu 13: What is the purpose of the whole passage?
A. to explain why people start smoking B. to show the similarities between young and old smokers
C. to demonstrate the attraction of cigarettes among the young D. to contrast young and old smokers

Câu 14: The purpose of paragraph 2 is to ________.
A. warn young people how dangerous smoking is
B. suggest that other people influence the decision of young people who start smoking
C. show how exciting smoking can be
D. explain why young people decide to smoke

Câu 15: The word “peers” in paragraph 2 means ________.
A. mentors B. persons of a similar age C. peeping Toms D. members of the aristocracy

Câu 16: Adults smoke for all of the following reasons EXCEPT ________.
A. to cope with financial difficulties B. to appear more mature
C. to deal with relationship problems D. to deal with stress

Câu 17: In paragraph 3, how does sentence 3 relate to sentence 1?
A. It is a cause B. It is an effect C. It is an example D. It is a contradiction

Câu 18: The word “abuse” in paragraph 3 means ________.
A. mistreatment B. inappropriate use C. argument D. excessive use

Câu 19: The main purpose of paragraph 4 is ________.
A. to describe the possible effects of smoking
B. to show a common cause for smoking among people of all ages
C. to warn smokers of the dangers of smoking
D. to contrast the reasons why young and old people take up smoking
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Câu 20: The Green Restaurant uses fresh produce on their dishes, much of which the owners grow in their own garden.
A. B. C. D.

Câu 21: These exercises look easy, but they are very relatively difficult for us.
A. B. C. D.

Câu 22: The number of homeless people in Nepal have increased sharply due to the recent severe earthquake.
A. B. C. D.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Câu 23: _____ you start, ______ you will finish.
A. The soon/the more quickly
B. The sooner/the quickly
C. The sooner/the more quickly
D. The sooner/the quicker

Câu 24: There is _______ horror movie on ________ TV tonight.
A. the / the
B. / x
C. / the
D. a/ x

Câu 25: I like his essay because it's very__________.
A. imaginative
B. imaginary
C. imaginable
D. imagination

Câu 26: Governments have ______ laws to protect wildlife from commercial trade and overhunting.
A. enacted
B. observed
C. acted
D. practiced

Câu 27: The planet Mercury __________round the Sun every eighty-eight days.
A. travelled
B. travels
C. is travelling
D. has travelled

Câu 28: Don’t let success go to your __________ whatever you do!
A. forehead
B. hand
C. foot
D. head

Câu 29: Stress, __________ is a psychological problem, may lead to physical illness.
A. that
B. whose
C. what
D. which

Câu 30: My father put _____ the money to buy a new house.
A. on
B. out
C. up
D. in

Câu 31: You will be glad to know your son’s work is showing a _______ improvement.
A. minimal
B. pronounced
C. mediocre
D. marked

Câu 32: She gave me a __________ box.
A. small square jewelry metal
B. small square metal jewelry
C. jewelry small metal square
D. jewelry metal small square

Câu 33: You ____ your room carelessly because it is still very untidy.
A. must have cleaned
B. can't have cleaned
C. could clean
D. shouldn't clean

Câu 34: She lost her job because she was ______. She made far too many mistakes.
A. inefficient
B. impulsive
C. incautious
D. rash

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word or phrase in each of the following questions.

Câu 35: When I was going shopping yesterday, I accidentally met one of my old friends in high school.
A. by heart
B. on purpose
C. by far
D. by chance

Câu 36: The young are now far more materialistic than their precedents years ago.
A. spiritual
B. greedy
C. monetary
D. object-oriented

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Câu 37: He can't make up his mind whether he should phone her or not.
A. recognize
B. decide
C. know
D. wonder

Câu 38: I don't like that man. There is a sneaky look on his face.
A. guilty
B. furious
C. humorous
D. dishonest

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Câu 39: A. washed  B. missed  C. stopped  D. returned

Trang 3/4- Mã Đề 124
Câu 40: A. bathing  B. method  C. width  D. bathroom

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Nowadays people are more aware that wildlife all over the world is in (41) ____. Many species of animals are threatened, and could easily become (42) ____ if we do not make an effort to protect them. There are many reasons for this. In some cases animals are hunted for their fur or for other valuable parts of their bodies. Some birds, such as parrots, are caught (43) ____ and sold as pets. For many animals and birds, the problem is that their habitats—the place where they live—is disappearing. More land is used for farm, for houses and industry, and there are fewer open spaces than there once were. Farmers use powerful chemicals to help them grow better crops, but these chemicals pollute the environment and (44) ____ wildlife. The most successful animals on Earth, human beings, will soon be the only ones (45) ______ unless we can solve this problem.

Câu 41: A. vanishing  B. problem  C. threat  D. danger

Câu 42: A. empty  B. vanished  C. disappeared  D. extinct

Câu 43: A. for living  B. alive  C. for life  D. lively

Câu 44: A. harm  B. wound  C. spoil  D. wrong

Câu 45: A. survived  B. over  C. left  D. staying

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Câu 46: At no time did the two sides look likely to reach an agreement.

A. The two sides had no time to reach an agreement.
B. If the two sides had had time, they would have reached an agreement.
C. The two sides never looked like each other.
D. The two sides never looked likely to reach an agreement.

Câu 47: “Why don't you have your room repainted?” said Nick to Joey.

A. Nick suggested having Joey's room repainted.
B. Nick asked Joey why you didn't have your room repainted.
C. Nick wanted to know why Joey doesn't have his room repainted.
D. Nick suggested that Joey should have his room repainted.

Câu 48: People who are unhappy sometimes try to compensate by eating too much.

A. Unhappy people are usually overweight because they tend to eat too much.
B. For some people, eating too much is a reason to be miserable.
C. When depressed, people occasionally attempt to offset their misery by overeating.
D. Eating too much occasionally makes people unhappy and depressed.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Câu 49: The burglar might come back. You’d better change all the locks.

A. You’d better change all the locks in case the burglar comes back.
B. The burglar will come back unless you change all the locks.
C. If you don’t change all the locks, the burglar could come back.
D. You’d better change all the locks or the burglar will come back.

Câu 50: The student next to me kept chewing gum. That bothered me a lot.

A. The student next to me kept chewing gum, that bothered me a lot.
B. The student next to me kept chewing gum, which bothered me a lot.
C. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothered me a lot.
D. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothering me a lot.

---------- THE END ----------
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